

Children will often be presented with puzzles including jigsaw puzzles. Teach your child about corner pieces and straight edges, but allow them to work out the jigsaw puzzle by themselves. Help them learn how to deal with the emotion of frustration. Introduce new and more difficult jigsaw puzzles regularly.



Children might be offered a board game. Play dominoes and board games that use a dice. Encourage them to count the dots on the dice. Aiming for them to not need to count, but to recognise the shape of the number. Don't always allow them to win the game. Learning to lose is an important skill.



Matching and sorting games are often presented at assessments. Play games that require these skills. Talk about why they match or group together and/or why they don't.



Odd one out games and opposites are also activities that are used.

